

Employment Service.—The Employment Offices Co-ordination Act passed in May, 1918, empowered the Dominion Government to enter into Dominion-Provincial agreements, in which the Dominion subsidized employment offices set up and controlled by Provincial Governments. These subsidies were conditioned by Dominion supervision of procedures. This Dominion-Provincial system of public employment offices, known as the Employment Service of Canada, functioned for more than two decades.

Under the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940, the Unemployment Insurance Commission was authorized to organize and maintain an employment service for Canada. The Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia signified their intention of withdrawing from the public employment service field as soon as the Commission's offices were prepared to operate. On Aug. 1, 1941, the Unemployment Insurance Commission took over the direction and control of the public employment offices in the seven provinces. These offices continued to carry on placement activities until the employment and claims offices of the Commission were opened, at which time their work was transferred to the new offices.

6.—Applications for Employment, Positions Offered and Placements Effected by Employment Offices, 1932-41, and by Provinces, 1940 and 1941

NOTE.—For figures by provinces from 1920 to 1939, see corresponding table of previous Year Books, commencing with the 1926 edition. Totals for the years 1920-31 are given at p. 766 of the 1938 edition. These statistics were provided by the employment offices of the Employment Service of Canada up to Aug. 1, 1941, and from that date by the Employment and Claims Offices operated by the Unemployment Insurance Commission.

Year and Province	Applications Registered		Vacancies Notified		Placements Effected	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Totals, 1932	512,695	139,733	282,643	83,385	278,975	73,239
Totals, 1933	531,041	143,180	282,120	87,565	278,589	73,508
Totals, 1934	569,301	155,064	327,907	99,885	324,900	81,191
Totals, 1935	498,466	157,955	268,300	108,274	265,212	88,590
Totals, 1936	515,930	161,123	241,098	114,278	237,476	93,974
Totals, 1937	543,343	168,880	290,790	127,598	286,618	102,918
Totals, 1938	584,727	197,937	276,851	124,390	275,338	106,957
Totals, 1939	579,645	208,327	271,654	130,739	270,020	114,862
Totals, 1940	653,445	235,150	344,921	166,955	336,507	138,599
Totals, 1941	568,695	262,767	344,796	206,908	331,997	175,766
Nova Scotia..... 1940	27,587	11,640	23,475	10,910	23,363	10,116
..... 1941	18,258	16,705	16,930	15,757	16,630	15,012
New Brunswick..... 1940	9,226	7,389	8,991	6,950	8,951	6,835
..... 1941	7,736	6,696	7,419	6,957	7,285	6,346
Quebec..... 1940	189,233	73,454	84,076	66,580	82,169	45,951
..... 1941	192,734	94,605	94,701	87,549	92,163	66,028
Ontario..... 1940	255,838	90,767	140,233	45,797	132,902	42,029
..... 1941	196,260	84,895	134,132	53,654	123,048	49,705
Manitoba..... 1940	46,199	14,010	22,072	9,601	23,450	9,382
..... 1941	45,572	18,144	22,636	11,542	24,000	10,973
Saskatchewan..... 1940	25,775	8,944	15,247	8,039	15,027	7,234
..... 1941	19,513	9,068	15,293	8,412	16,059	7,569
Alberta..... 1940	38,548	11,488	22,501	8,591	22,445	6,714
..... 1941	35,533	11,567	23,117	9,508	23,191	7,141
British Columbia..... 1940	61,039	17,458	28,326	10,487	28,200	10,338
..... 1941	53,089	21,087	30,568	13,529	29,621	12,992

With the opening of the Commission's employment and claims offices in Quebec, the Provincial Government reduced the number of its employment offices. The Commission and the provincial employment service are working in close co-operation to provide employment placement facilities in that Province.